

Lower School Entrance 2017 MATHEMATICS

11+

1 Hour

Name:		
Current school:		
Date:		

Equipment required: pen, pencil, ruler, protractor, compasses, eraser.

Instructions to Candidates:

- Attempt all questions. Do not worry if you don't manage to do them all
- Show ALL working
- Calculators are NOT permitted
- Check your answers for accuracy
- Total points for test 100

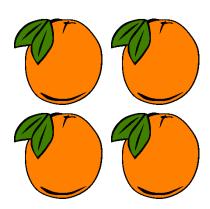
1 Look at the information about recycling in one town.

Recycling place	Glass	Cans	Plastic	Paper	Clothes	Shoes
Supermarket A	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
Supermarket B	✓					
Supermarket C	✓	✓	✓			✓
Car park D	✓			✓	✓	
Car park E	✓	✓				
Road F	✓	✓		✓		

								I	
C	ar park D	✓			✓	✓			
C	ar park E	✓	✓						
	Road F	✓	✓		✓				
(a)	How many	y place:	s recyc	le cans	?				(1)
(b)	Which pla	ce recy	cles pla	astic?					(1)
(c)	Jemima w recycles c Which pla	lothes	and sho	oes.					(1)
Here	are three i	number	·s						
	6			9			32		
(a)	What is th number?	ne diffe	rence b	etween	the la	rgest a	nd the s	smalles	st
									(1)
(b)	Write a ca		on using	g all thr	ee num	nbers t	hat give	es an	
									(2)

3 Sarah buys 4 oranges

(a) She pays with a two pound coin.She gets £1.20 change.How much does one orange cost?



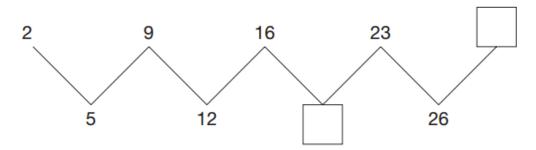
..... (2)

(b) Kiwi fruits cost 15p each.
Wendy has £1, how many Kiwi fruits can she buy?



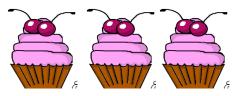
..... (2)

4 Look at this number sequence. Fill in the missing numbers



(2)

5 Lara wants to decorate some cakes. Each cake will have 3 cherries,



Lara has 48 cherries, how many cakes can she decorate?

																																		(2)))
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---	---	---	---	---

- 6 Calculate the following:
 - (a) 364 + 469 =

(b)
$$158 - 49 =$$

(c)
$$74 \times 24 =$$

(d)
$$348 \div 3 =$$

(e)
$$6 + 7 \times 4 =$$

(f)
$$9 - 4 \times 2 + 3 =$$

/		at these statements about rectangles. For each statement tick rue or false	
		TRUE / FALSE	
	(a)	All rectangles have four sides	
	(b)	All rectangles have four equal sides	
	(c)	Some rectangles have no right angles	
	(d)	All rectangles have at least one line of symmetry (4)	
8	(a)	45 + 54 is bigger than 43 + 51. How much bigger?	
	(b)	1 x 9 is bigger than 6 x 9. How much bigger?	
9	Write	e the missing numbers	
		= $\frac{1}{2}$ of 16	
		double = $\frac{1}{2}$ of 16 (2)	
10	Write	e a number that is greater than 10 and a multiple of 4	
		(1)	

11 A cuboid has 8 vertices 4 vertices on the top 4 vertices on the bottom How many vertices does this 3-D shape have? (a) (2) A different 3-D shape has 8 vertices. It has 6 faces. Each face (b) is the same. Put a ring around the correct name for this shape. **SQUARE CYLINDER PYRAMID**

12 Which number is closest to 100?
Put a ring around it

73 128

Explain how you know

(2)

RECTANGLE

(1)

CUBE

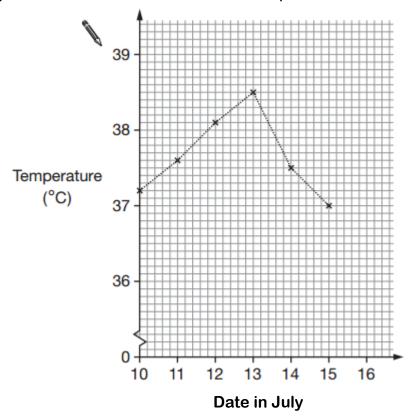
13	(a)	Which number	is closest to 10 ?							
		Put a ring arou	nd it							
		-5	16	-9	0 (1)					
	(b)	Which number	is closest to 1?							
		Put a ring arou	nd it							
		1.4	1.34	0 1.6	55 (1)					
14	This to	able show the t	imes that the street	lights come on	one night					
	and g	o off the next n	norning							
		City	Time the lights come on (pm)	Time the lights go off (am)	5					
		Belfast	6:45	6:13						
		Glasgow	6:40	6:05						
		London	6:21	5:51						
		Manchester	6:30	5:59						
		Newcastle	6:28	5:55						
Comp	olete th	ne sentence bel	ow							
	(a)	The lights in Ma	anchester come on 1	15 minutes befor	e those in					
					(1)					
	(b)	In Glasgow the	lights go off later th	nan they do in N	ewcastle.					
		How much late	r?							
					(1)					
	(c)	In Ashford the	lights come on at 6.	20 and go off 11	1.5 hours					
		Later, Complet	e the table below							
		City	Time the lights come on (pm)	Time the lights go off (am)						

Ashford

6:20

(2)

15 In July Charlotte was ill. Here is her temperature chart.



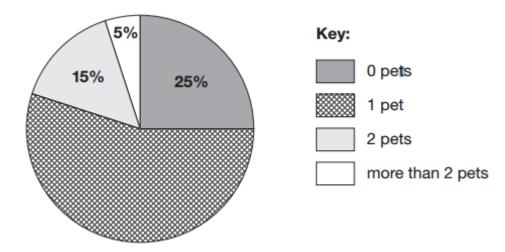
(a) What was Charlotte's highest temperature.

.....(1)

- (b) On the 16th July, Charlotte's temperature was 36.7°C.
 Mark this point on the graph (1)
- Write down a number that is a **square number** and is a **multiple of seven**

.....(1)

Melissa asked the pupils in her class how many pets they had. She recorded her results in a pie chart



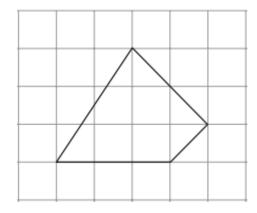
(a) What percentage of pupils had only one pet

(2)
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(b) There are twenty pupils in the class, how many pupils had no pets?

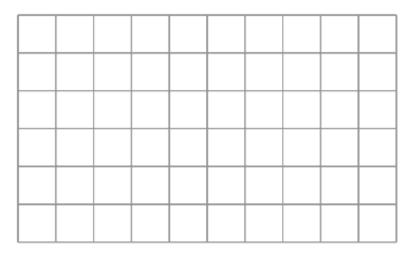
 	 (2)

The shape on the square grid below has **exactly one right angle.**Mark the right angle on the shape.



(1)

Draw a shape on the square grid below that has **exactly two right** angles



(2)

The rule for this sequence is add the same number each time.

Use this rule to write the missing numbers in the sequence









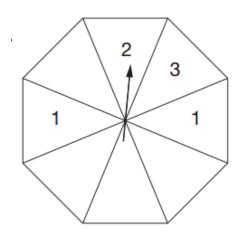


(2)

The diagram shows a fair spinner divided into eight equal sections.

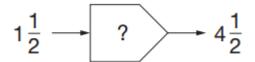
I am going to spin the spinner.

Write the numbers on the spinner using only 1,2 or 3 so that there is a 50% chance that I will spin an odd number.



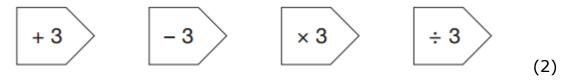
(4)

22 A rule changes $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$

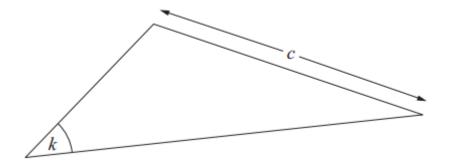


What could the rule be?

Tick the two correct answers below $(\sqrt{\ })$



23 Look at the triangle

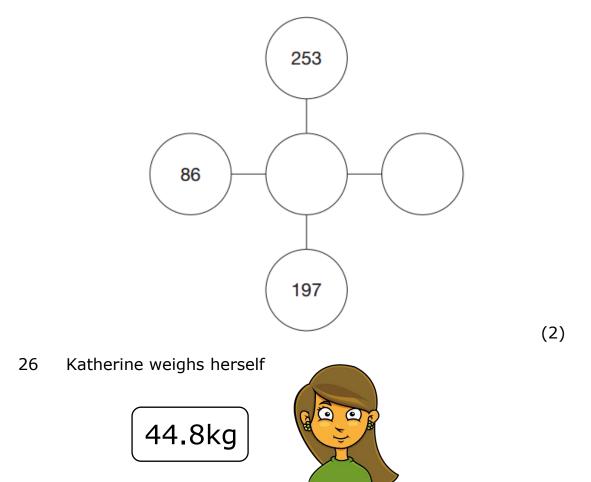


(a) Measure accurately the length c

(b) Measure accurately angle k

24 Write the missing number

Write numbers in the circles to make the three numbers along each line add up to **678**

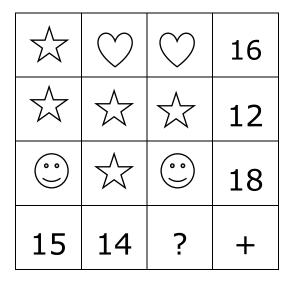


Then Katherine weighs herself together with her dog.



How much does the dog weigh?

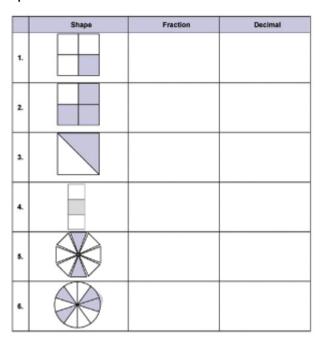
27 Each shape in this grid is hiding a particular number so that the three shapes in any row or column adds up to the value written at the end of that row or column.



Work out the number that should replace the question mark.

																																				1	-)	١	
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	١	۷	<u>-</u>	J	

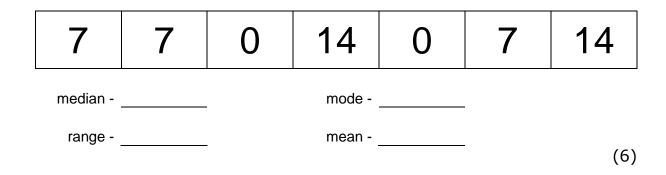
Give a fraction and a decimal for each area that is shaded in each shape.



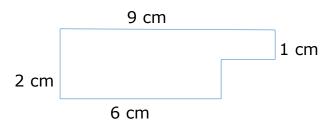
(6)

29 Find the mean, median, mode and range for each set of numbers.

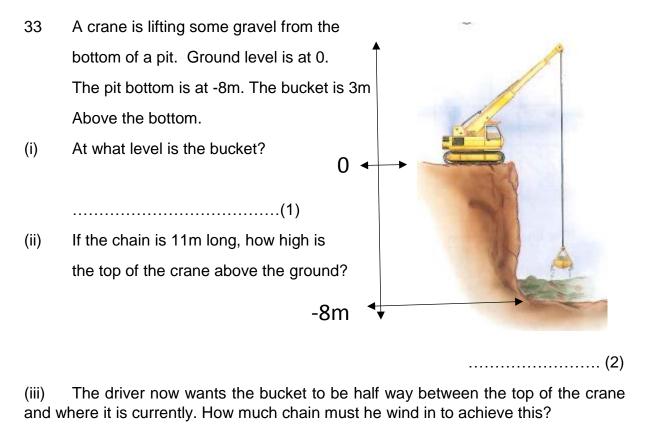
2	1	1	5	6
median -			mode -	
range -			mean -	



30 For the shape below calculate the perimeter and area



diagra	m below shows a regular hexagon of side
th s	S
Write	e a formula to calculate the perimeter P of the shape
	(1)
Calc	ulate the perimeter of a regular hexagon of side length
(i)	3 cm
	(1)
(ii)	5 cm
	(1)
(iii)	2.5 cm
	(1)
Calc	ulate the side length of a regular hexagon with perimeter
(i)	12 cm
	(1)
(ii)	9 cm
	(2)
culate h	now long:
it wil	I take Emma to walk 1km if she walks at 5km/hr?
	(1)
	will need to wait for the next bus if they run every hour ne half hour and he arrives 6 minutes late for the 9:30
	(1)
	Calcu (i) (ii) Calcu (ii) (iii) Calcu (ii) Jack on th



.....(2)

END OF EXAM

TOTAL: 100 MARKS

Make sure that you have completed as many questions as you can and have checked your answers before attempting this page!!!

TRUE OR FALSE

Here are sixty number sentences. Check each one carefully to see whether it is true or false.

```
1 (3+4)+5=3+(4+5)
                                                     31
                                                           4 \times 9 - 4 \times 4 = 4 \times (9 - 4)
  2 (3 \times 4) + 5 = 3 \times (4 + 5)
                                                     32
                                                           (12-5) \times 2 = 12 \times 2 - 5 \times 2
  3 (2 \times 3) \times 4 = 2 \times (3 \times 4)
                                                     33
                                                            8 \times 3 - 5 \times 3 = (8 - 5) \times 3
  4 (5-3)+2=5-(3+2)
                                                     34
                                                            3 \times 4 + 2 \times 4 = (3 + 2) \times 4
       (8-3) \times 2 = 8 - (3 \times 2)
                                                     35
                                                            99 \times 7 + 99 \times 3 = 99 \times (7 + 3)
  6 (4+8) \times 2 = 4 + (8 \times 2)
                                                     36
                                                            (30 \div 5) + (20 \div 5) = 50 \div 5
  7
       3 \times 7 = 7 \times 3
                                                     37
                                                            (30 \div 5) - (20 \div 5) = 10 \div 5
      4 \div 2 = 2 \div 4
                                                     38
                                                           (12 \div 4) + (8 \div 4) = (12 + 8) \div 4
  9 \quad (5-3)-2=5-(3-2)
                                                     39
                                                            (20 \div 2) + (12 \div 2) = (20 + 12) \div 2
10 (24 \div 6) - 4 = 24 \div (6 - 4)
                                                    40
                                                           (3 + 4)^2 = 3^2 + 4^2 + 2 \times 3 \times 4
11 (3 \times 10) \div 2 = 3 \times (10 \div 2)
                                                           (5+2)^2 = 5^2 + 2^2
                                                    41
12 6 \div 3 = 6 \times \frac{1}{3}
                                                           (5+2)^2 = 5^2 + 2^2 + 2 \times 5 \times 2
                                                    42
13 \frac{1}{2} of 14 = 14 \div 2
                                                    43
                                                           \frac{1}{3} < \frac{1}{4}
14 \frac{1}{2} of 20 = 20 \times \frac{1}{2}
                                                    44
                                                           (\frac{1}{2})^2 < \frac{1}{4}
15 \frac{1}{2} of 4 + \frac{1}{2} of 6 = \frac{1}{2} of (4 + 6)
                                                    45
                                                           (\frac{1}{2})^2 < \frac{1}{2}
16 \frac{1}{2} of 12 + \frac{1}{2} of 4 = \frac{1}{2} of 16
                                                    46
                                                           -5 > -4
17 \frac{1}{4} of 12 + \frac{1}{4} of 12 = \frac{1}{2} of 12
                                                    47
                                                           -9 < -8
18 \frac{1}{4} of 16 + \frac{1}{4} of 16 = (\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}) of 16 48
                                                            -9 > 0
19 2^2 = 2 \times 2
                                                    49
                                                           -1 < 0
20 \quad 3^2 + 4^2 = 5^2
                                                    50
                                                           -1 + 1 = 0
21 2^2 + 3^2 = (2 + 3)^2
                                                    51
                                                            -4 + 4 = 0
22 4^3 = 4 \times 4 \times 4
                                                    52
                                                           -3 + 9 = 6
23 4^3 - 4^2 = 4
                                                     53
                                                           0.4 < 4.0
24 4^3 \div 4^2 = 4
                                                    54
                                                           (0.2)^2 = 0.4
25 9^2 - 2^2 = (9 - 2) \times (9 + 2)
                                                    55
                                                           0.4 \times 0.3 = 1.2
26 10^2 - 5^2 = (10 - 5) \times (10 + 5)
                                                    56
                                                           (0.5)^2 = 0.25
27 9^2 - 3^2 = 6 \times 12
                                                    57
                                                            \triangle^2 = \triangle \times \triangle
28
     8^2 - 2^2 = 6 \times 10
                                                    58
                                                           (\triangle + \bigcirc) + \square = \triangle + (\bigcirc + \square)
     7^2 - 3^2 = 4^2
29
                                                    59
                                                            \triangle^2 + \bigcirc^2 = (\triangle + \bigcirc)^2
     100^2 - 1^2 = 101 \times 99
30
                                                    60
                                                            \triangle - \bigcirc - \square = \triangle - (\bigcirc + \square)
```