

# **Eton College King's Scholarship Examination 2013**

**GREEK**

**(one and a quarter hours)**

*Candidates should attempt all the questions on this paper.*

1.

a) Give the appropriate forms of the following articles and nouns:

- |               |                     |
|---------------|---------------------|
| i) ὁ δοῦλος   | accusative singular |
| ii) ὁ νεανίας | genitive singular   |
| iii) ἡ χώρα   | accusative plural   |
| iv) ὁ κριτής  | dative plural       |
| v) ὁ φύλαξ    | nominative plural   |

[5]

b) Change these articles and nouns into their opposite numbers, keeping them in the same case (i.e. if they are singular, give the plural, if they are plural, give the singular):

- i) τὸν νεανίαν
- ii) ταῖς θαλάτταις
- iii) τῶν νεῶν

[3]

c) Translate into English

(do not use –ed to translate imperfects; mark second persons as singular or plural):

- i) λύεις
- ii) λύειν
- iii) λύεσθαι
- iv) ἔλυσας
- v) ἦσθα

[5]

d) Translate into Greek:

- |                         |                  |
|-------------------------|------------------|
| i) You (s) loose        | (I loose – λύω)  |
| ii) He loosed (aorist)  |                  |
| iii) They will loose    |                  |
| iv) We love             | (I love – φιλέω) |
| v) You (pl) were loving |                  |
| vi) He was              | (I am - εἶμι)    |
| vii) To be              |                  |

[7]

[Total for Question 1: 20]

[Turn over]

2. Translate the following passage into English. **Write your translation on alternate lines.**

**Alcibiades the Athenian successfully invades the territory of Cyzicus, and kills the Peloponnesian admiral, Mindarus.**

μετὰ τὴν νίκην, αἱ τῶν Πελοποννησίων νῆες ἔπλευσαν εἰς Κύζικον.  
ὁ οὖν Ἀλκιβιάδης αὐτὸς ἐκέλευσε πάντας τοὺς ἀνδρείους ναύτας  
παρασκευάζειν τὰς ναῦς καὶ ἐτοίμους εἶναι. ἔπειτα δὲ ἐστράτευσε  
πρὸς τὴν Κύζικον. ἐπεὶ δὲ ἐγγὺς τῆς Κυζίκου ἦν, εἶδεν τὰς τοῦ  
Μινδάρου ναῦς πλεύσας πόρρω ἀπὸ τῆς πόλεως. οἱ δὲ  
Πελοποννήσιοι ὀρώντες τὰς τῶν Ἀθηναίων ναῦς οὖσας πολλὰς καὶ  
ἐγγὺς τῆς πόλεως ἔφυγον εἰς τὴν γῆν, ὅτι μάχεσθαι ἐν τῇ θαλάσῃ  
οὐκ ἤθελον. Ἀλκιβιάδης δὲ τρισὶ ναυσὶν ἐδίωξε καὶ ἀπέβη εἰς τὴν  
γῆν. ὀρῶν δὲ ὁ Μίνδαρος καὶ αὐτὸς ἀπέβη καὶ ἐν τῇ γῇ μαχόμενος  
ἀπέθανεν.

Vocabulary

ἐγγύς (+ gen)	near
πόρρω	far

[Total for Question 2: 20]

[Turn over]

3. Answer the questions on the following passage.  
**Do not translate unless specifically asked to do so.**

**Agesilaus, leading the Spartans in a war with the Thebans, though badly wounded in victory, insists on safe-conduct being given to those Thebans who have taken refuge in the temple. The victory is celebrated the following day.**

ἐπειτα δὲ τῶν Θηβαίων οἱ μὲν ἔφυγον πρὸς τὸν Ἑλικῶνα, πολλοὶ δ'  
οἴκαδε βαίνοντες ἀπέθανον. ἐπεὶ δ' ὁ Ἀγησίλαος ἐνίκησε,  
στρατιώτης τις ἠγγειλεν αὐτῷ ὅτι τῶν πολεμίων τινὲς σὺν ὄπλοις ἐν  
4 τῷ ἱερῷ εἰσιν. ὁ δὲ, καίπερ πολλὰ τραύματα ἔχων, ἤθελε σῶζειν τοὺς  
τῶν θεῶν νόμους. ἐκέλευε οὖν τοὺς στρατιώτας μῆτε αὐτοὺς  
6 φυλάσσειν μῆτε βλάπτειν. τότε μὲν οὖν, καὶ γὰρ ἦν ἡδη ὀψέ,  
7 δειπνοποιησάμενος ἐκάθευδεν. τῇ δὲ ὑστεραία τὸν στρατηγὸν  
παρασκευάζειν ἐκέλευε τὴν στρατιάν, καὶ πάντας θύειν τοῖς θεοῖς,  
9 καὶ τοὺς ἀκλητὰς αὐλεῖν. καὶ οἱ μὲν ταῦτ' ἐποίουν. οἱ δὲ Θηβαῖοι  
10 ἔπεμψαν κήρυκας, ὑποσπόνδους τοὺς νεκροὺς ἐθέλοντες θάπτειν.  
11 καὶ οὕτω δὴ αἱ σπονδαί γίνονται καὶ Ἀγησίλαος εἰς Δελφοὺς ἐλθὼν  
12 δεκάτην ἐκ τῆς λείας τῷ θεῷ ἔδωκε.

Xenophon [adapted]

Names

ὁ Ἑλικῶν -ῶνος

Helicon, a hill in Boeotia

οἱ Δελφοί -ῶν

Delphi, site of the famous oracle to Apollo

Vocabulary

ὅτι

'that' here, introducing an indirect statement

καίπερ (+ participle)

although

ὁ νόμος -ου

law

αὐλεῖν

to play the flute

θάπτειν

to bury

αἱ σπονδαί -ῶν

treaty, truce

ἡ λεία -ας

plunder

[Turn over]

- a) Suggest an English derivative from the word τραύματα (line 4) and hence say what you think the Greek word means. [2]
- b) Translate from the start of the passage to βλέπειν (line 6). [15]
- c) δείπνον is the Greek word for ‘supper’. Given this, what do you think Agesilaos did next (lines 6-7) and why did he do this? [3]
- d) What three orders did Agesilaos give next and to whom did he give them (lines 7-9)? [5]
- e) How do we know that Agesilaos’ orders were obeyed (line 9)? [2]
- f) Whom did the Thebans send to Agesilaos and why (lines 9-10)? [3]
- g) What proportion of the booty did Agesilaos give to Apollo (lines 11-12)? [1]
- h) Give an example from the passage of the following:
- i) a strong aorist; [1]
- ii) a present participle; [1]
- iii) a verb with an epsilon contraction. [1]
- i) Does anything strike you as unusual about the tense of γίνονται in line 11? [1]

[Total for Question 3: 35]

4. Translate the following sentences into Greek. Leave a line between each question. Some of the words from **questions 1-3** may help you.

- a) The Athenians marched for three days. [4]
- b) Good men wish to sacrifice to the goddess. [4]
- c) The road is difficult, but the war is just. [5]
- d) When they had left the city, all the barbarians fell. [6]
- e) The weapons of the king are more beautiful than the slave’s daughter. [6]

[Total for Question 4: 25]

**[END OF PAPER]**